## memorandum

MAY 15 1991

date:

.C:

Director, Internal Revenue Service Center

Kansas City, MO

Attn: Entity Control

irom:

Technical Assistant

Employee Benefits and Exempt Organizations

aubi ecti

CC:EE:3 - TR-45-1478-90

Railroad Retirement Tax Act Status

Attached for your information and appropriate action is a copy of a letter dated November 2, 1990, from the Railroad Retirement Board concerning the status under the Railroad Retirement Act and the Railroad Unemployment Tax Act of the:



We have reviewed the opinion of the Railroad Retirement Board and, based solely upon the information submitted, concur in the conclusion reached by the Board that is not an employer under the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts.

(Signed) Ronald L. Moore

RONALD L. MOORE

Attachment: Copy of letter from the Railroad Retirement Board

cc: Mr. Gary Kuper

Internal Revenue Service

200 South Hanley Clayton, MO 63105

08643

## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD 844 RUSH STREET CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611

BUREAU OF LAW

Assistant Chief Counsel
(Employee Benefits and
Exempt Organizations)
Internal Revenue Service
llll Constitution Avenue., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20224

NOV 0 2 1290

Attention: CC:IND:1:3

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the coordination procedure established between the Internal Revenue Service and this Board, I am enclosing for your information a copy of an opinion in which I have expressed my determination as to the status under the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts of the following:

Sincerely yours,

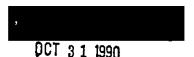
Steven A. Bertholow Deputy General Counsel

Enclosure

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## MEMORANDUM

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD



TO:

Director of Research and Employment Accounts

FROM:

Deputy General Counsel

SUBJECT:

Employer Status

This is in response to your Form G-215 dated August 1, 1990, wherein vou asked me to determine the status of the under the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance The employer status of the has not previously been considered. The is a political and corporate subdivision of established in under the of the General Laws of that state. has the authority to conduct mass transit operations within its area of operations. In a letter dated June 28, 1990, 's Director of Railroad Ope<u>rations</u>, advised the Board that has contracted with the an employer covered under the Acts, to operate track miles used in commuter service. One of the commuter lines (the 's contract with crosses into employs people to provide effect on commuter service. These employees are compensated and reported by through its own payroll. is not subject to the jurisdiction of the stated that Interstate Commerce Commission and its operations do not use any electric locomotive power. He also provided a copy of the contract between and and which is currently in effect.

As you are aware, the definition of an employer is found in section 1(a)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act (45 U.S.C. § 231 (a)(1)) and in a substantially similar provision of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act. An employer is defined, in pertinent part, to include:

"(i) any express company, sleeping-car company, and carrier by railroad, subject to subchapter I of chapter 105 of Title 49 [the Interstate Commerce Act];

Director of Research and Employment Accounts

(ii) any company which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by, or under common control with, one or more employers as defined in paragraph (i) of this subdivision, and which operates any equipment or facility or performs any service (except trucking service, casual service, and the casual operation of equipment or facilities) in connection with the transportation of passengers or property by railroad, \* \* \*."

In general, (former) Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act applies to common carriers engaged in the transportation of passengers or freight, wholly or in part by railroad, in interstate commerce. A governmental unit can be a common carrier so as to be an employer under the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts. See Legal Opinions L-81-160 and L-90-47.

Subchapter I of Chapter 105 of Title 49, section 4(b), provides as follows:

- "(b) the Interstate Commerce Commission does not have jurisdiction under this subtitle over rail mass transportation provided by a local public body if -
  - (1) the Commission would have jurisdiction but for this section; and
  - (2) the fares of the local public body, or its authority to apply to the Commission for changes in those fares, is subject to the approval or disapproval of the chief executive officer of the State in which the transportation is provided. 49 U.S.C. § 10504(b).

provides that the affairs of shall be managed by a board of directors appointed by the governor of the state. Thus, in accord with 49 U.S.C. § 10504(b), the the state of the providers of mass rail transportation, is not subject to the Interstate Commerce Act. However, subsection (c) of that section provides as follows:

"Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a local public body, described in subsection (b), is subject to applicable laws of the United States related to:-

(1) safety

Director of Research and Employment Accounts

- (2) the representation of employees for collective bargaining: and
- (3) employment retirement, annuity, and unemployment systems or other provisions related to dealings between employees and employers."

The Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts are laws of the United States related to "retirement, annuity and unemployment systems". Therefore, the exemption contained in 49 U.S.C. § 10504(b) is not applicable to a determination regarding coverage under the Acts administered by the Board. 49 U.S.C. § 10504(c), cited above, is a clear statement by Congress that providers of urban mass transit such as the may, notwithstanding their exemption under subsection (b) from ICC jurisdiction, be subject to laws such as the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts.

However, in the past this office has not held a rail carrier to be an employer unless it has actually commenced operating a railroad. See Legal Opinions L-81-160 and L-90-47. The sis not an operator of a railroad and has never done so to this date. It is merely a subsidy disbursing entity of state government which contracts with a rail operator, currently provided by rail carriers, including the provided by rail carriers, including the contract since is inception in the contract, presently provides all services, including equipment, maintenance, training and employees. Employees providing service under the contract are compensated by and reported through its payroll. Under the contract, the has no control over the operations of the commuter service provided by the except the limited right to modify the schedule.

Therefore, it is my opinion that the is not an employer under the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts. A new submission should be made if the should actually begin operating as a carrier by railroad. An appropriate Form G-215 is attached.

Steven A. Bartholow

Attachment